

# Tables, Random Effects and Plots in Multilevel Analysis

## Workshop Guide

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## 1 Table, random effects and plots

### 1.1 Packages

A few useful packages to further improve the presentation of mixed model results.

Let's load some packages

- `lme4` to analyze mixed models
- `tidyverse` to wrangle data and make plots

```
library(lme4)
library(tidyverse)
```

## 1.2 Dataset

We use the built in `sleepstudy` dataset

```
data("sleepstudy")
```

## 1.3 Random intercept model

We start of with random intercept model

```
model <- lmer(Reaction ~ Days + (1 | Subject),
             data = sleepstudy)
```

## 1.4 Random slope model

Next, we estimate random slope model

```
model2 <- lmer(Reaction ~ Days + (Days | Subject),
              data = sleepstudy)
```

## 1.5 Plots

- Load additional packages to make plots for multilevel objects

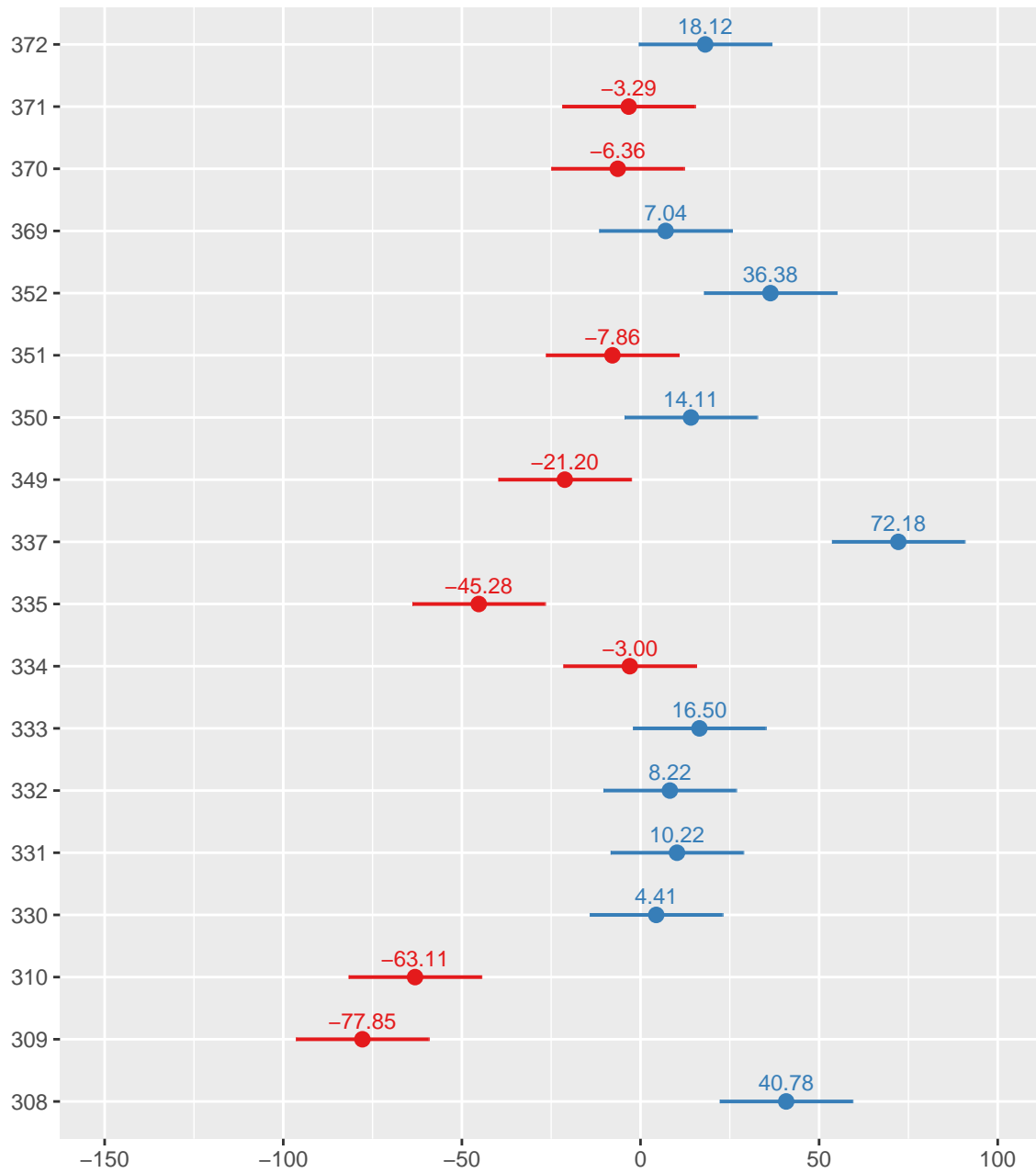
```
library(sjPlot)
library(lattice)
```

### 1.5.1 Plot random intercept model using sjPlot

- Plot random effect

```
plot_model(model, type = "re",  
            show.values = TRUE,  
            value.offset = .3,  
            value.size = 3)
```

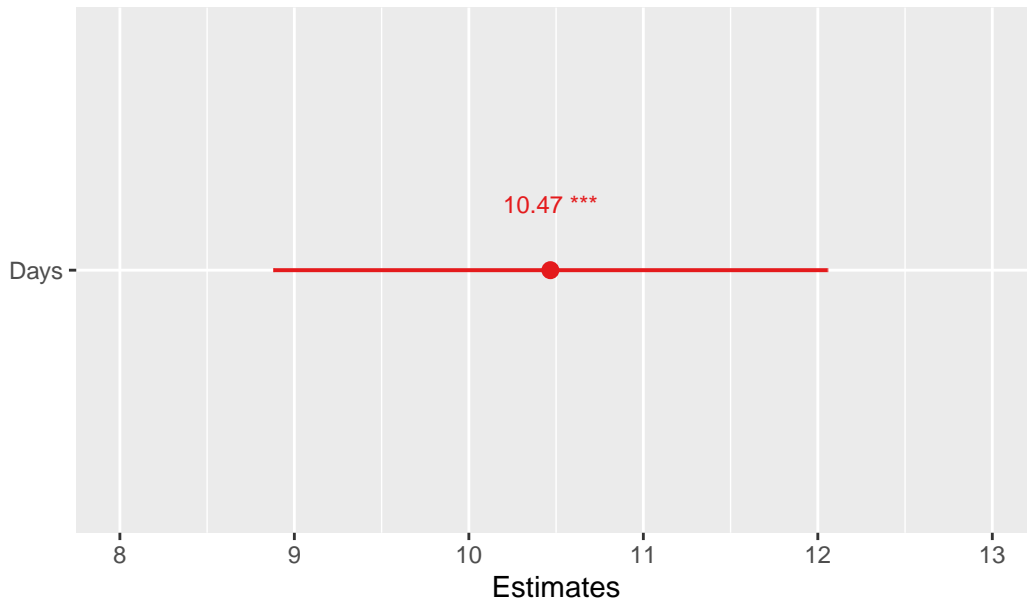
## Random effects



- Plot fixed effect

```
plot_model(model, type = "est",  
           show.values = TRUE,  
           value.size = 3)
```

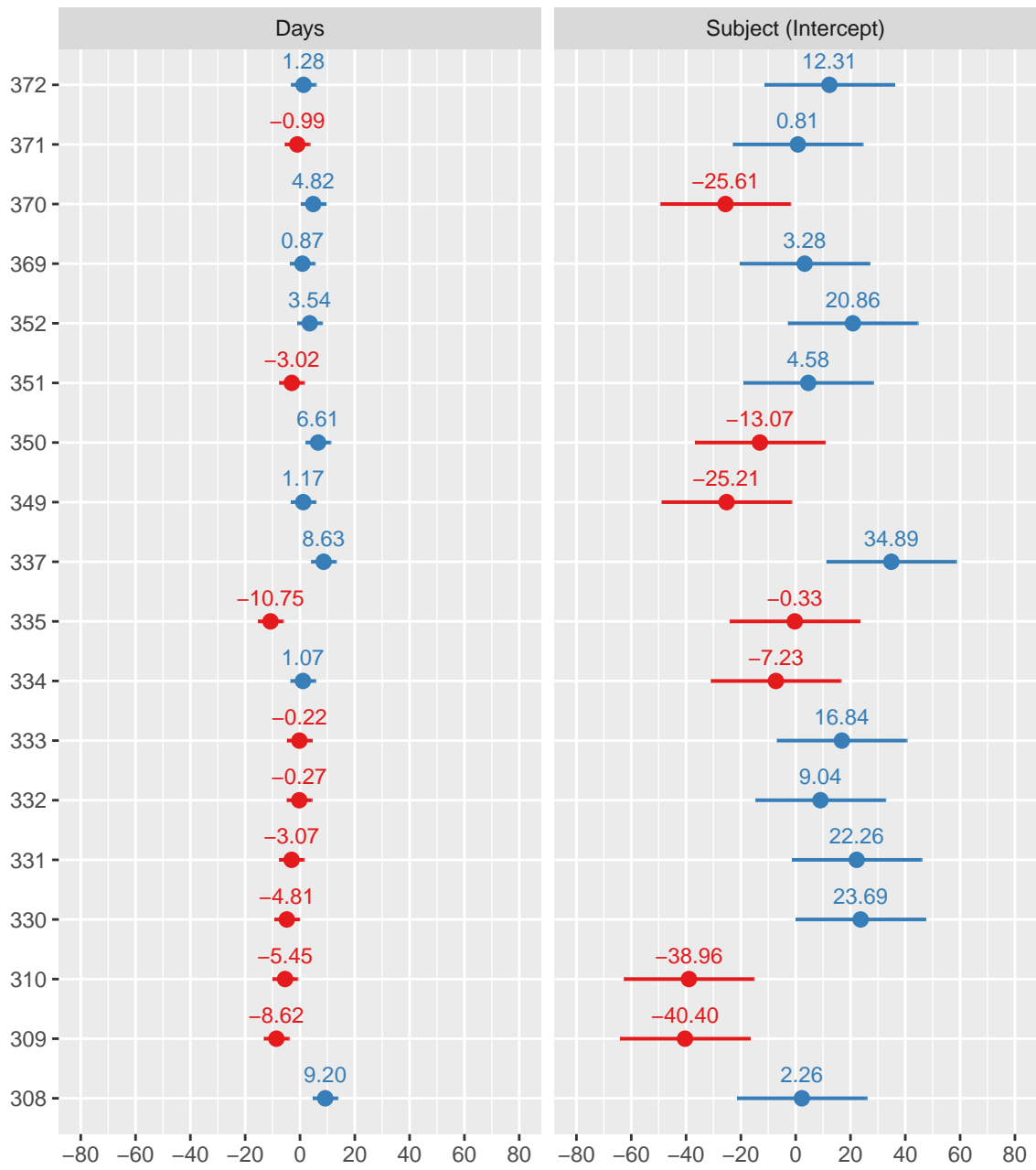
## Reaction



### 1.5.2 Plot random slope model using sjPlot

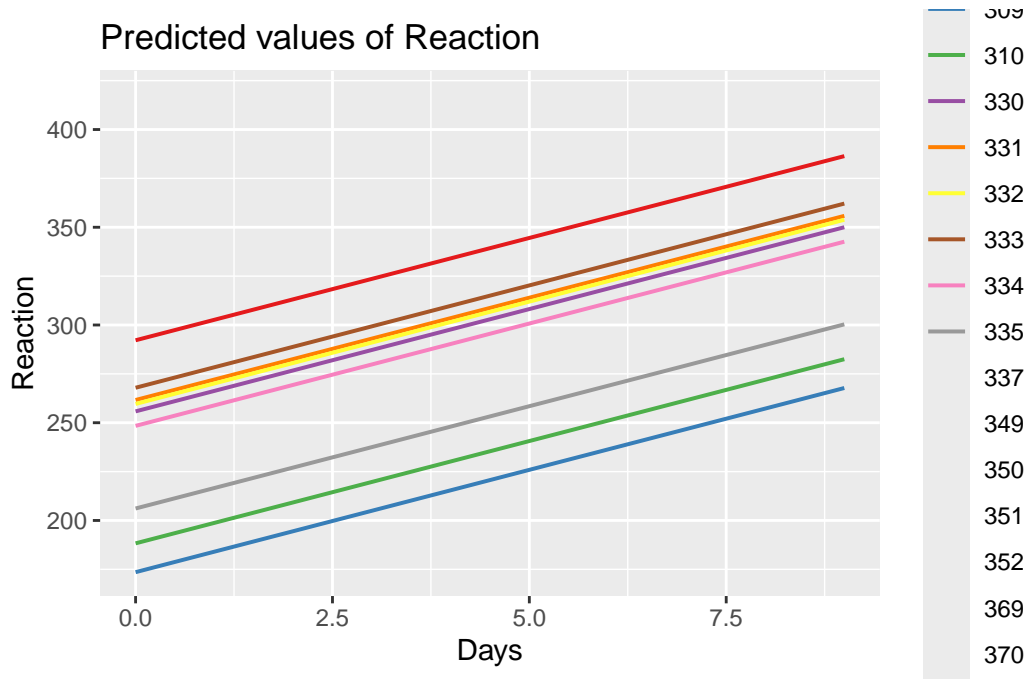
```
plot_model(model2, type = "re",  
            show.values = TRUE, value.offset = .4,  
            value.size = 3)
```

## Random effects

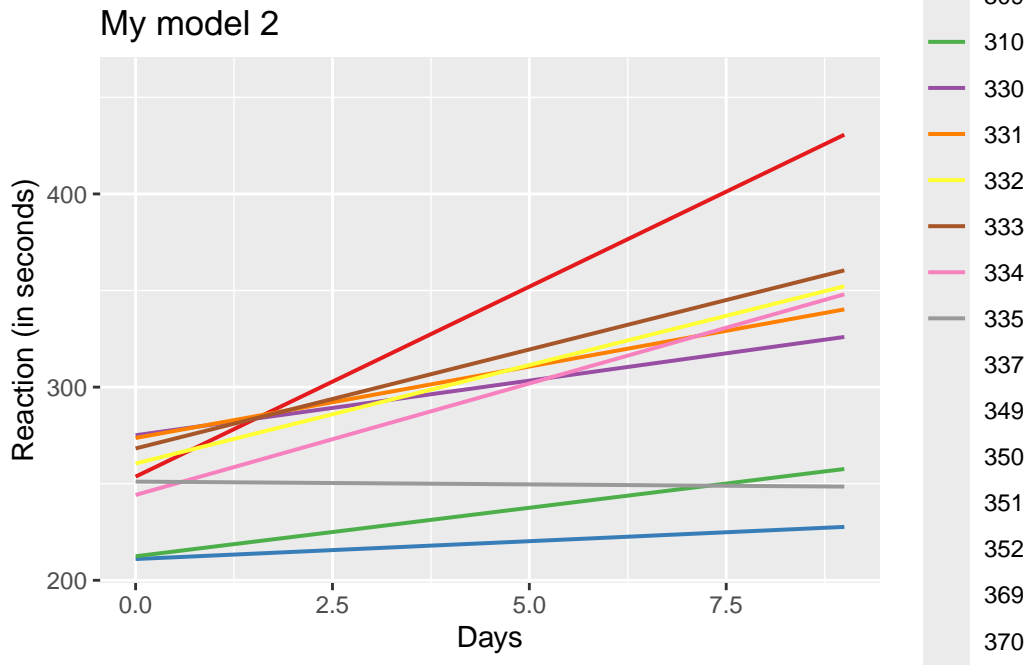


### 1.5.3 Combining random effect and predicted value in a plot

```
plot_model(  
  model,  
  type = "pred",  
  terms = c("Days", "Subject"),  
  pred.type = "re",  
  ci.lvl = NA  
)
```



```
plot_model(  
  model2,  
  type = "pred",  
  terms = c("Days", "Subject"),  
  pred.type = "re",  
  ci.lvl = NA,  
  title = "My model 2",  
  axis.title = "Reaction (in seconds)"  
)
```



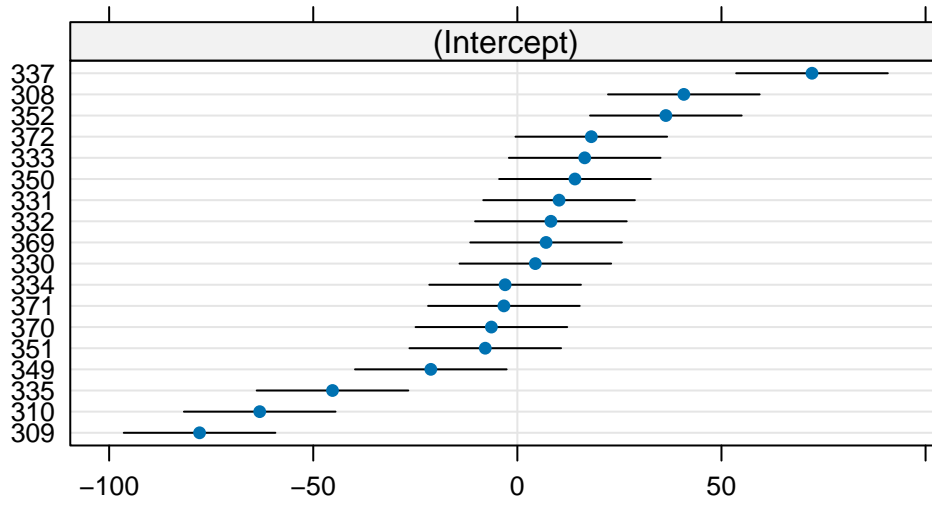
#### 1.5.4 Caterpillar plots

- random intercept (model)

```
dotplot(ranef(model))
```

\$Subject

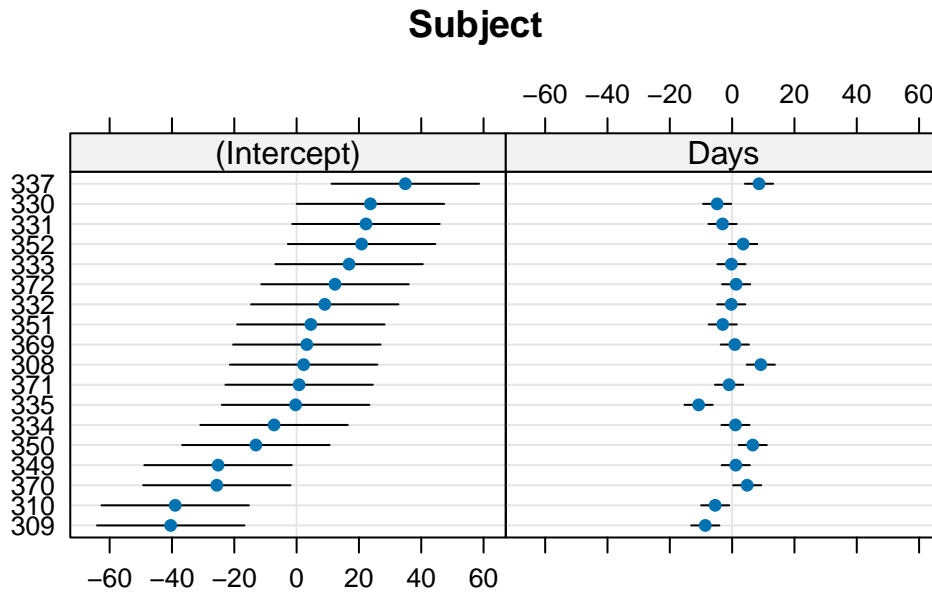
## Subject



- random slope (model2)

```
dotplot(ranef(model2))
```

\$Subject



## 1.6 Tables

Useful packages include

```
library(modelsummary)
```

- using **modelsummary** to make results in a table

```
modelsummary(model)
```

```
modelsummary(model2)
```

- we can combine the results into a table

```
modelsummary(list(model, model2))
```

- using `tab_model`

	(1)
(Intercept)	251.405 (9.747)
Days	10.467 (0.804)
SD (Intercept Subject)	37.124
SD (Observations)	30.991
Num.Obs.	180
R2 Marg.	0.280
R2 Cond.	0.704
AIC	1794.5
BIC	1807.2
ICC	0.6
RMSE	29.41

	(1)
(Intercept)	251.405 (6.825)
Days	10.467 (1.546)
SD (Intercept Subject)	24.741
SD (Days Subject)	5.922
Cor (Intercept~Days Subject)	0.066
SD (Observations)	25.592
Num.Obs.	180
R2 Marg.	0.279
R2 Cond.	0.799
AIC	1755.6
BIC	1774.8
ICC	0.7
RMSE	23.44

	(1)	(2)
(Intercept)	251.405	251.405
	(9.747)	(6.825)
Days	10.467	10.467
	(0.804)	(1.546)
SD (Intercept Subject)	37.124	24.741
SD (Days Subject)		5.922
Cor (Intercept~Days Subject)		0.066
SD (Observations)	30.991	25.592
Num.Obs.	180	180
R2 Marg.	0.280	0.279
R2 Cond.	0.704	0.799
AIC	1794.5	1755.6
BIC	1807.2	1774.8
ICC	0.6	0.7
RMSE	29.41	23.44

```
tab_model(model)
```

```
tab_model(model2)
```

- combining two tables

```
tab_model(model, model2)
```

## 2 Hands-on

- Create a new project and name the project
- Install packages
  - General package
  - Data wrangling
  - Read data

```
library(tidyverse)
library(haven)
library(here)
```

- For multilevel
- For presentation

```
library(lme4)
library(sjPlot)
library(modelsummary)
```

- Read data

```
immi <- read_dta('imm10_2.dta')
```

- EDA and data wrangling

```
glimpse(immi)
```

Rows: 260

Columns: 9

```
$ schid    <dbl> 7472, 7472, 7472, 7472, 7472, 7472, 7472, 7472, 7472, 7472, 7~
$ math     <dbl> 48, 48, 53, 42, 43, 57, 33, 64, 36, 56, 48, 48, 44, 35, 50, 3~
$ ses      <dbl> -0.13, -0.39, -0.80, -0.72, -0.74, -0.58, -0.83, -0.51, -0.56~
$ white    <dbl+lbl> 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, ~
$ parented <dbl+lbl> 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 2, 3, 2, 3, 2, 1, 2, 3, 3, 1, 3, ~
$ public    <dbl+lbl> 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, ~
$ sctype   <dbl+lbl> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ~
$ sex       <dbl+lbl> 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, ~
$ schnum    <dbl> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1~
```

```
immi <-
  immi |>
  mutate(across(where(is.labelled), as_factor),
         schnum = factor(schnum))
```

- linear mixed effect model
  - random intercept
  - and we assume math increase similarly based on ses for all schools

```
ri_immi <-  
  lmer(math ~ ses + white + parented + (1 | schnum),  
        data = immi, REML = FALSE)
```

- random slope
- and we assume math increase differently based on ses for all schools

```
rs_immi <-  
  lmer(math ~ ses + white + parented +  
        (1 + ses | schnum), data = immi, REML = FALSE)
```

- Presentation
  - Tables

```
tab_model(list(ri_immi, rs_immi))
```

```
modelsummary(list(  
  "random intercept" = ri_immi,  
  "random slope" = rs_immi),  
  fmt = fmt_decimal(digits = 2, pdigits = 2))
```

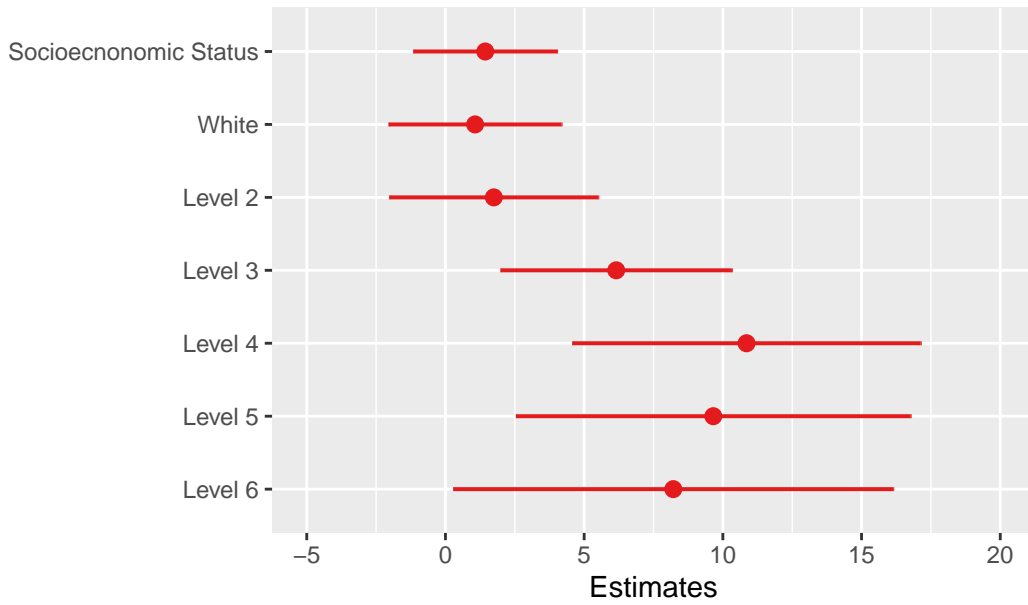
```
modelsummary(list(  
  "random intercept" = ri_immi,  
  "random slope" = rs_immi),  
  fmt = fmt_decimal(digits = 2, pdigits = 2),  
  output = "table.docx")
```

- Plots

```
plot_model(ri_immi,  
  type = 'est')
```

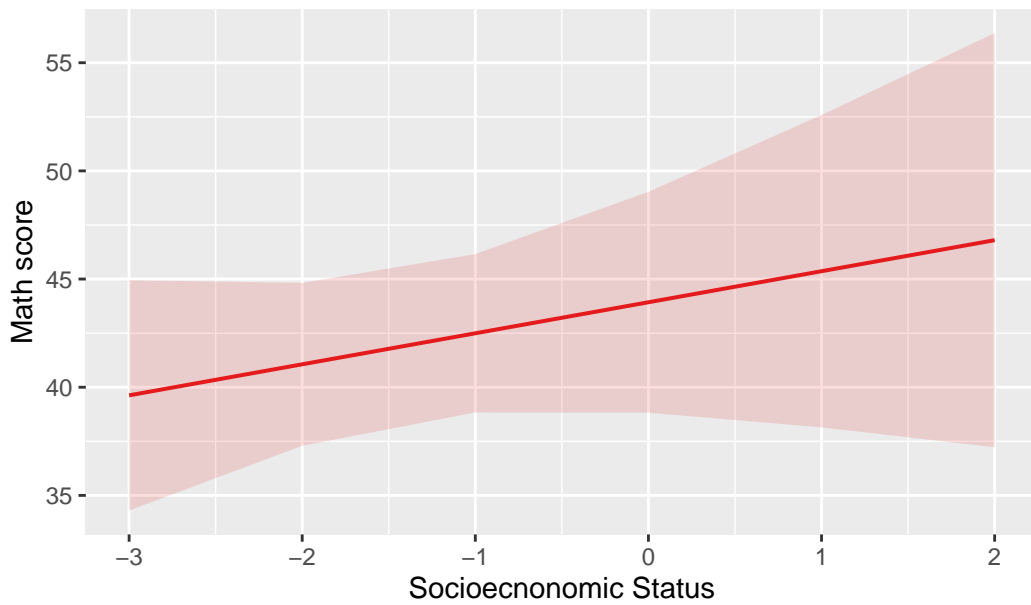
	random intercept	random slope
(Intercept)	43.93 (2.59)	43.45 (2.54)
ses	1.43 (1.31)	1.34 (1.41)
whiteWhite	1.07 (1.58)	0.14 (1.41)
parentedLevel 2	1.74 (1.91)	2.11 (1.91)
parentedLevel 3	6.16 (2.12)	7.06 (2.12)
parentedLevel 4	10.85 (3.19)	11.52 (3.20)
parentedLevel 5	9.66 (3.61)	9.54 (3.64)
parentedLevel 6	8.21 (4.03)	7.31 (4.09)
SD (Intercept schnum)	2.86	2.81
SD (ses schnum)		1.58
Cor (Intercept~ses schnum)		1.00
SD (Observations)	7.93	7.93
Num.Obs.	260	260
R2 Marg.	0.266	0.268
R2 Cond.	0.351	
AIC	1827.2	1830.1
BIC	1862.8	1872.8
ICC	0.1	
RMSE	7.81	7.83

### Math score

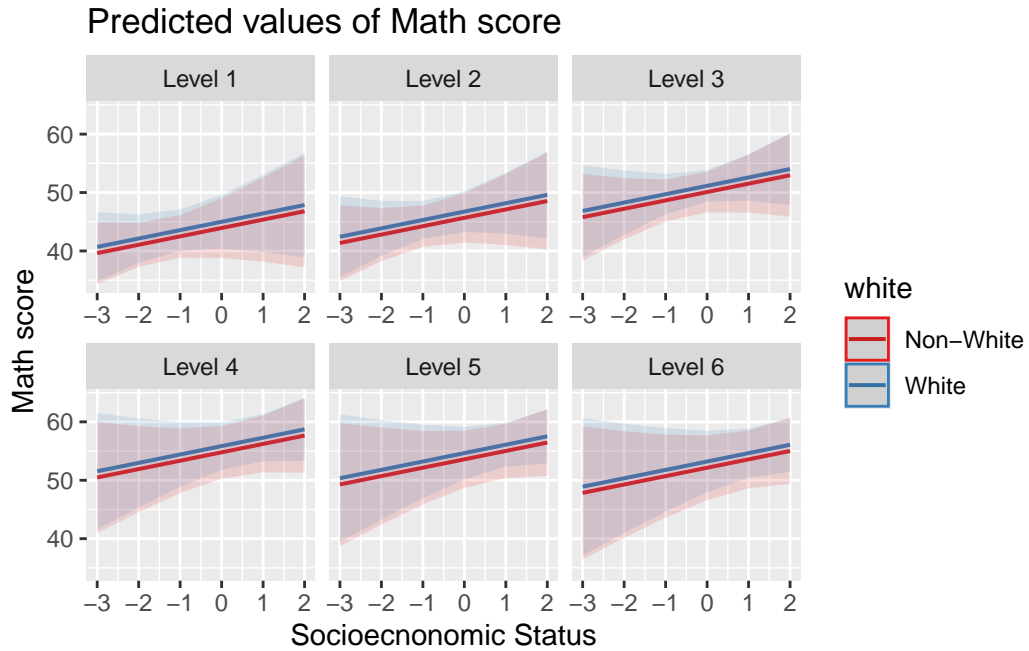


```
plot_model(ri_immi,  
           type = 'pred',  
           terms = 'ses')
```

### Predicted values of Math score

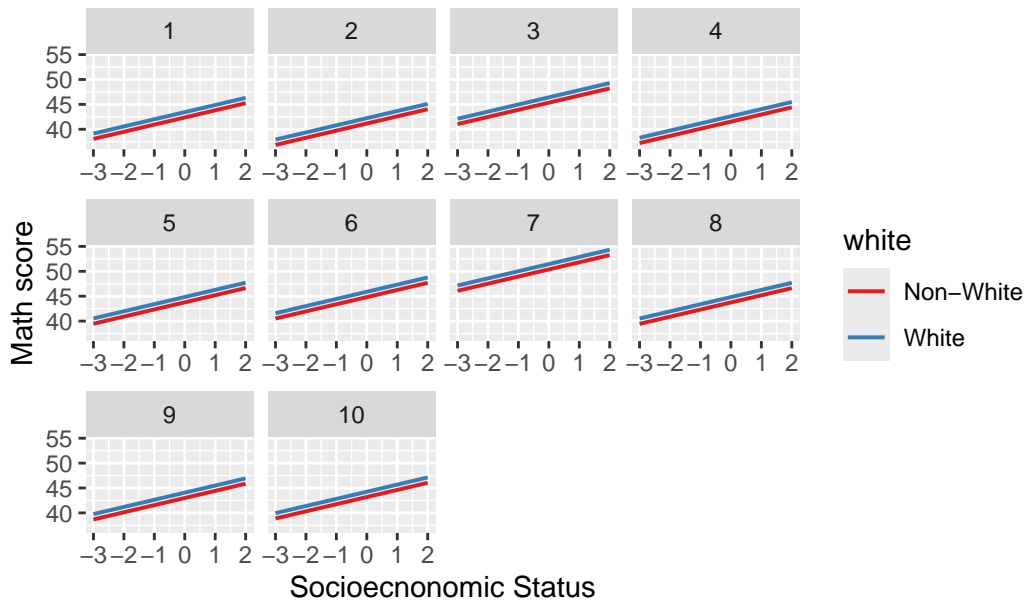


```
plot_model(ri_immi,
           type = 'pred',
           terms = c('ses' , 'white', 'parented'))
```



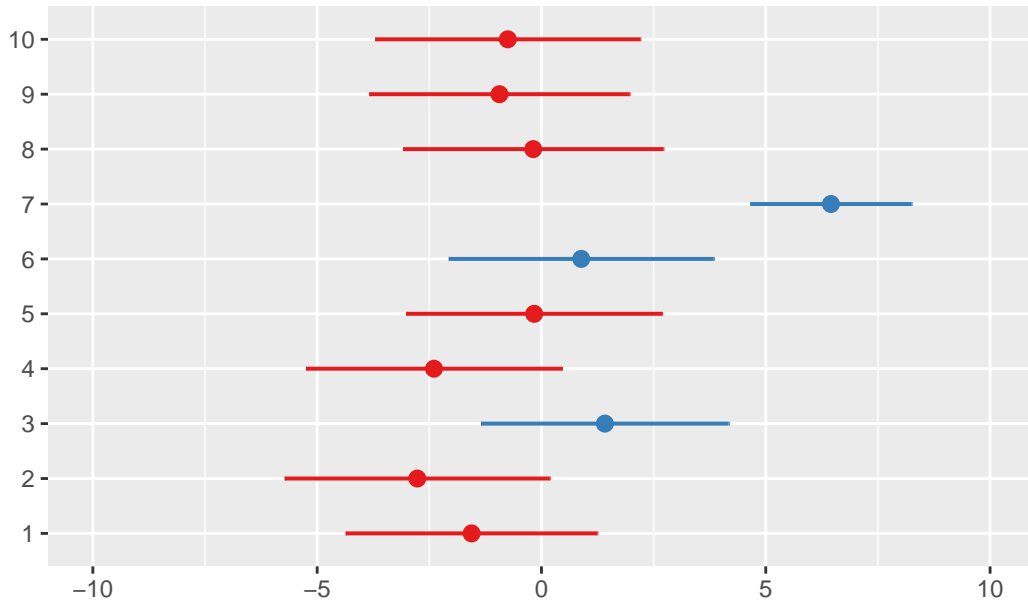
```
plot_model(ri_immi,
           type = 'pred',
           terms = c('ses' , 'white', 'schnum'),
           pred.type = 're', ci.lvl=NA)
```

### Predicted values of Math score



```
plot_model(ri_immi,  
           type = 're')
```

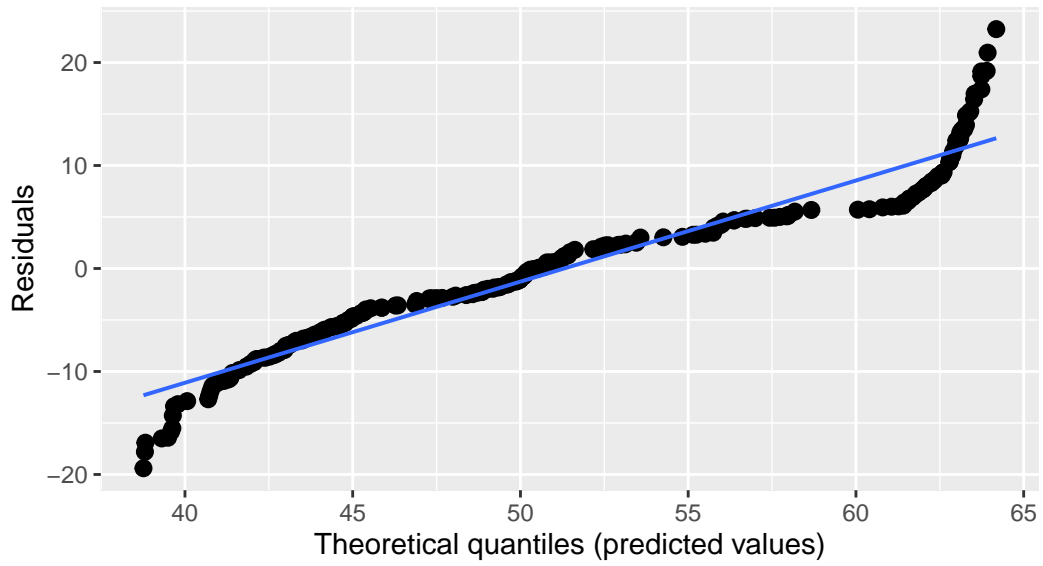
### Random effects



```
plot_model(ri_immi,  
           type = 'diag')
```

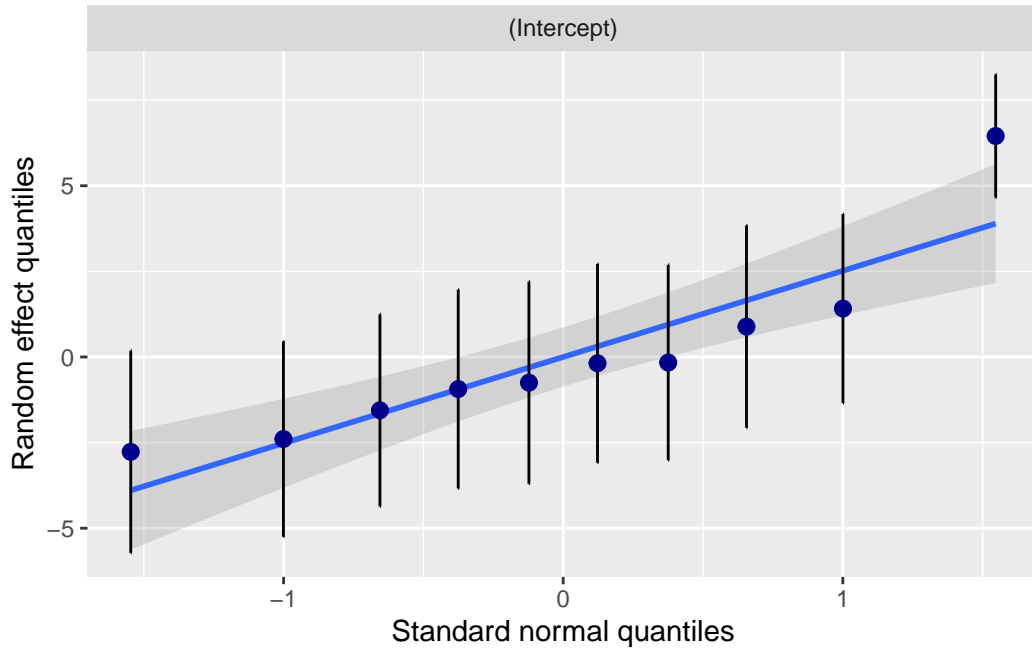
[[1]]

Non-normality of residuals and outliers  
Dots should be plotted along the line



[[2]]

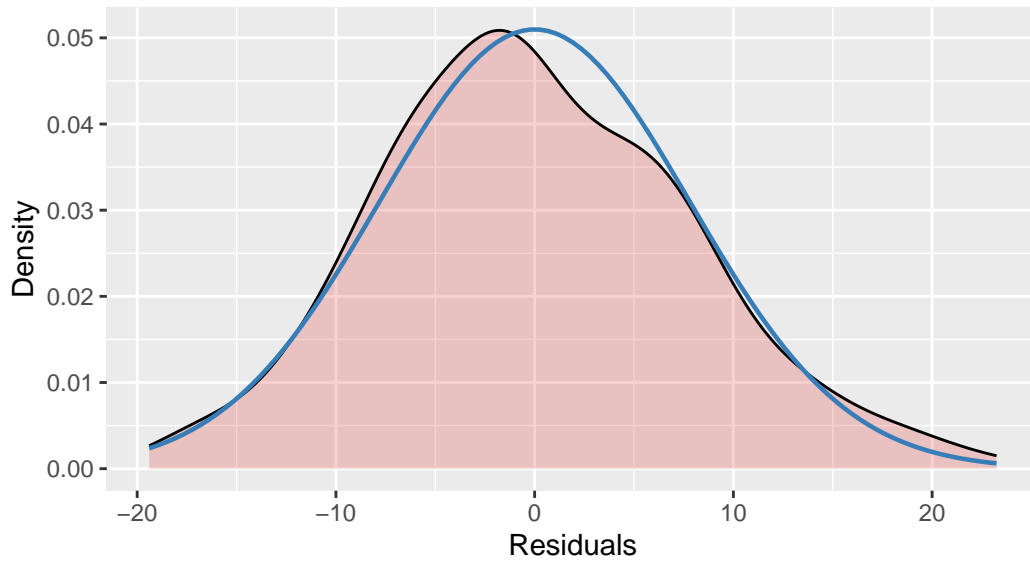
[[2]]\$schnum



[[3]]

### Non-normality of residuals

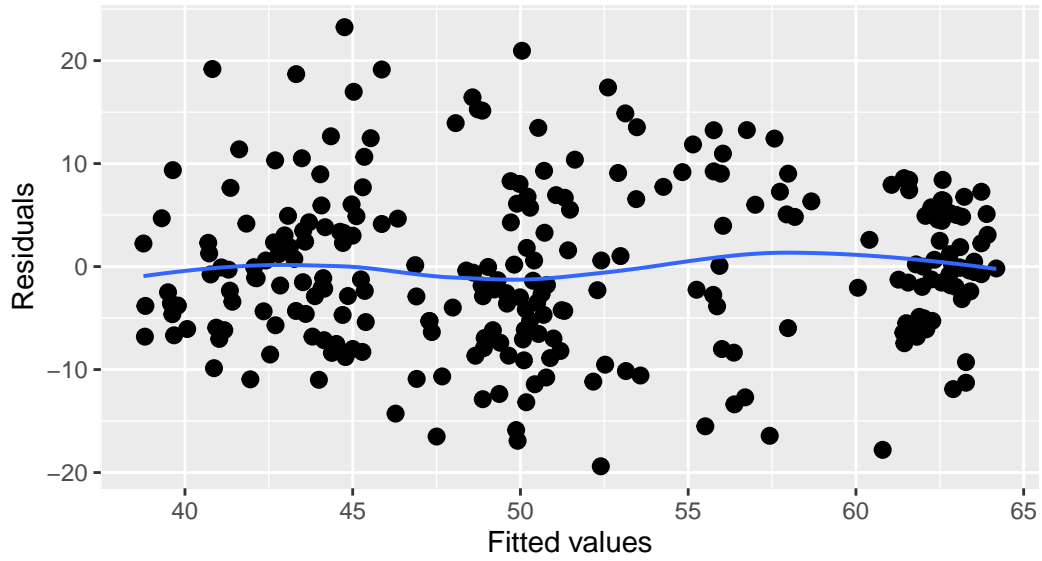
Distribution should look like normal curve



```
[[4]]
```

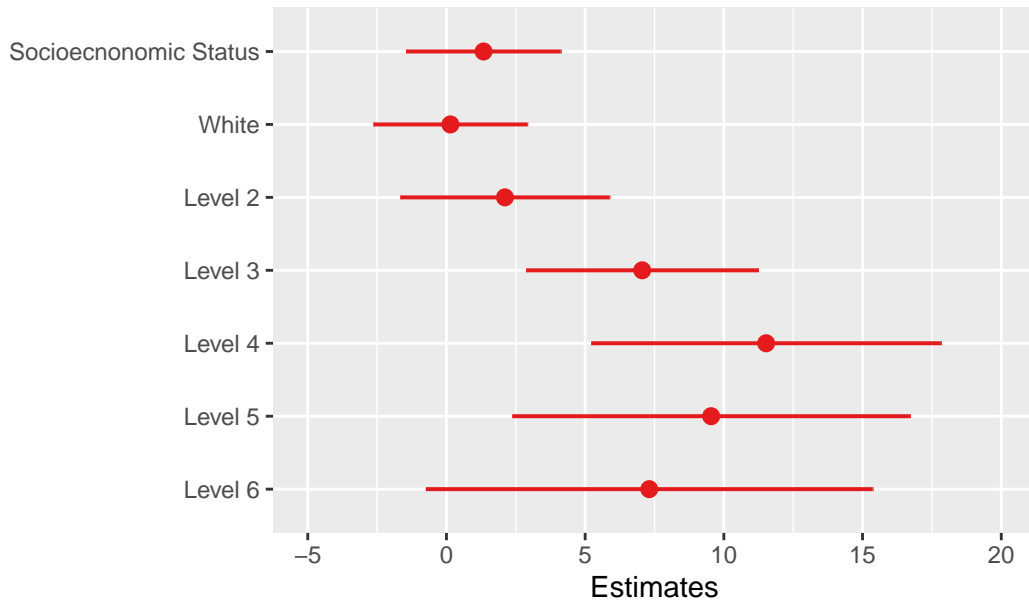
### Homoscedasticity (constant variance of residuals)

Amount and distance of points scattered above/below line is equal or ranc



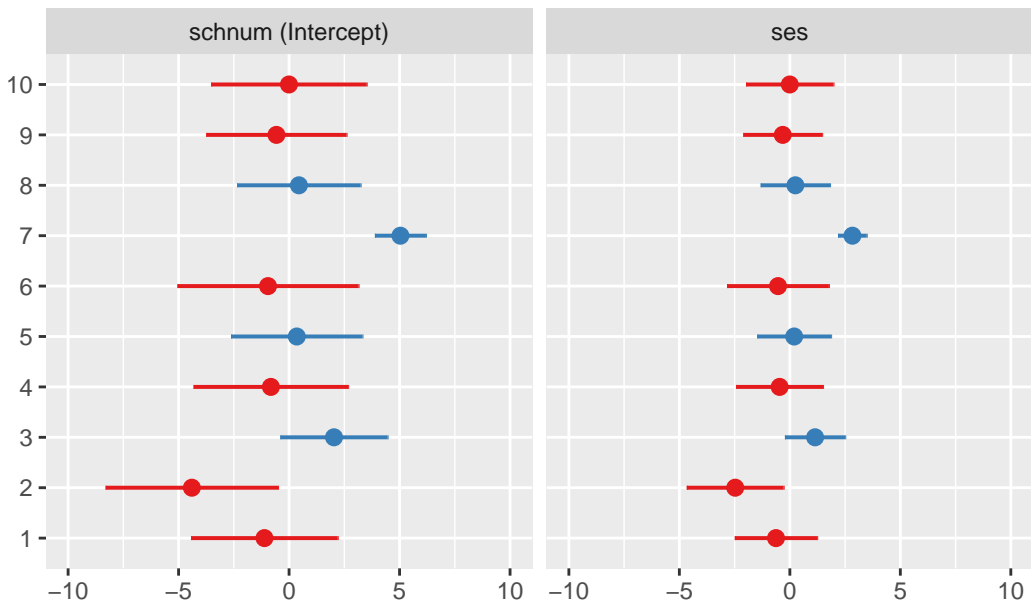
```
plot_model(rs_immi,  
           type = 'est')
```

## Math score

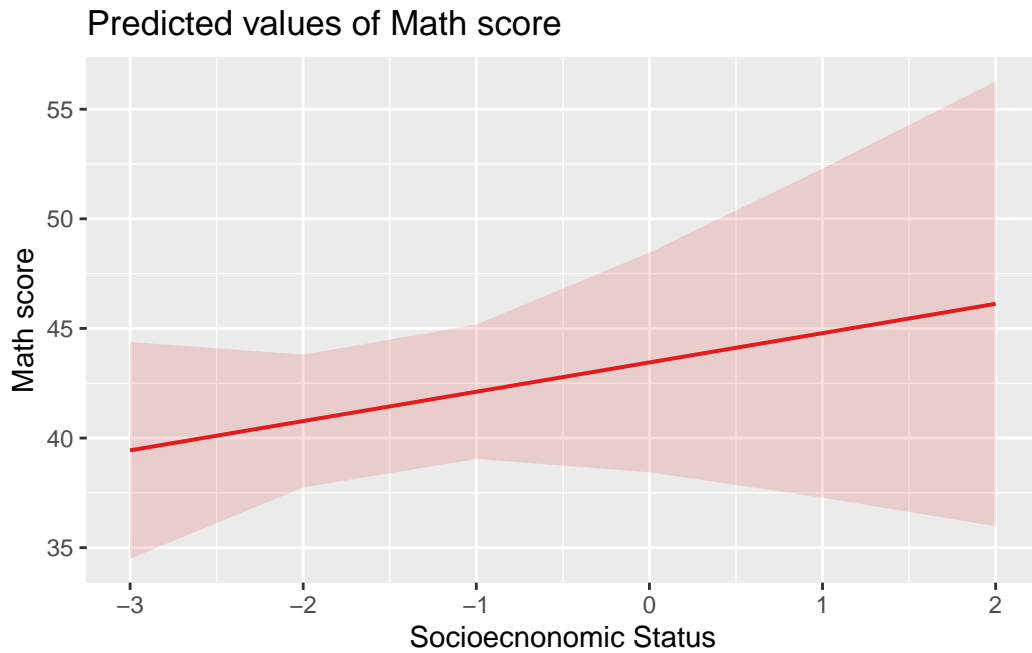


```
plot_model(rs_immi,  
           type = 're')
```

## Random effects

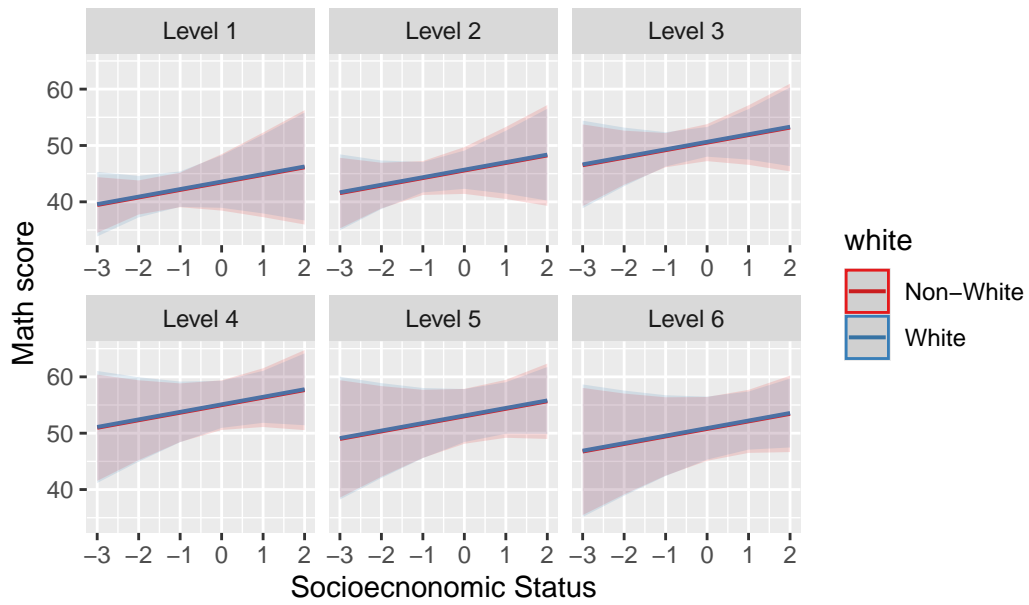


```
plot_model(rs_immi,  
           type = 'pred',  
           terms = 'ses')
```



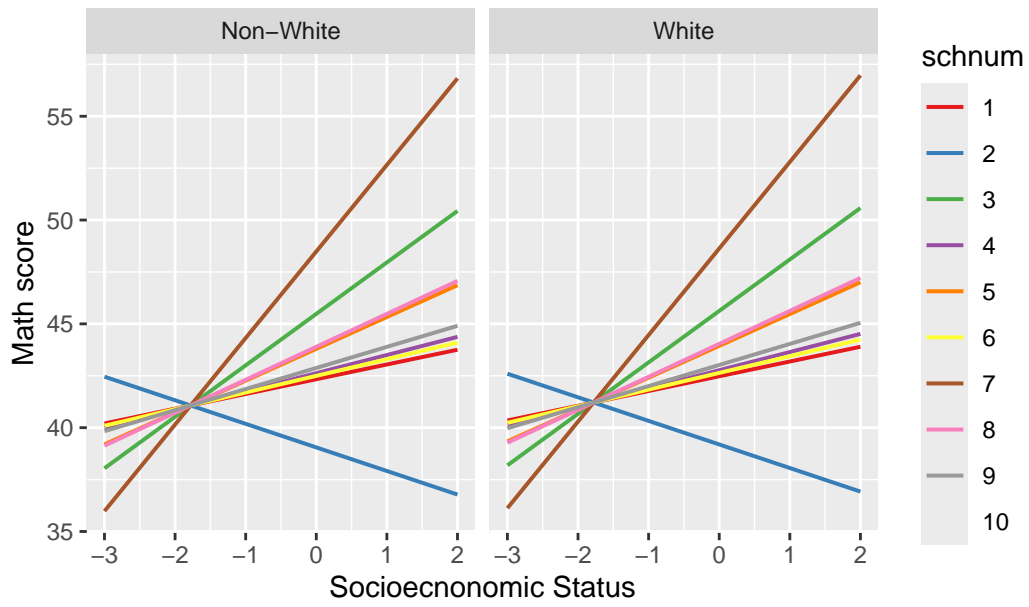
```
plot_model(rs_immi,  
           type = 'pred',  
           terms = c('ses', 'white', 'parented'))
```

### Predicted values of Math score



```
plot_model(rs_immi,  
           type = 'pred',  
           terms = c('ses' , 'schnum', 'white'),  
           pred.type = 're', ci.lvl=NA)
```

Predicted values of Math score

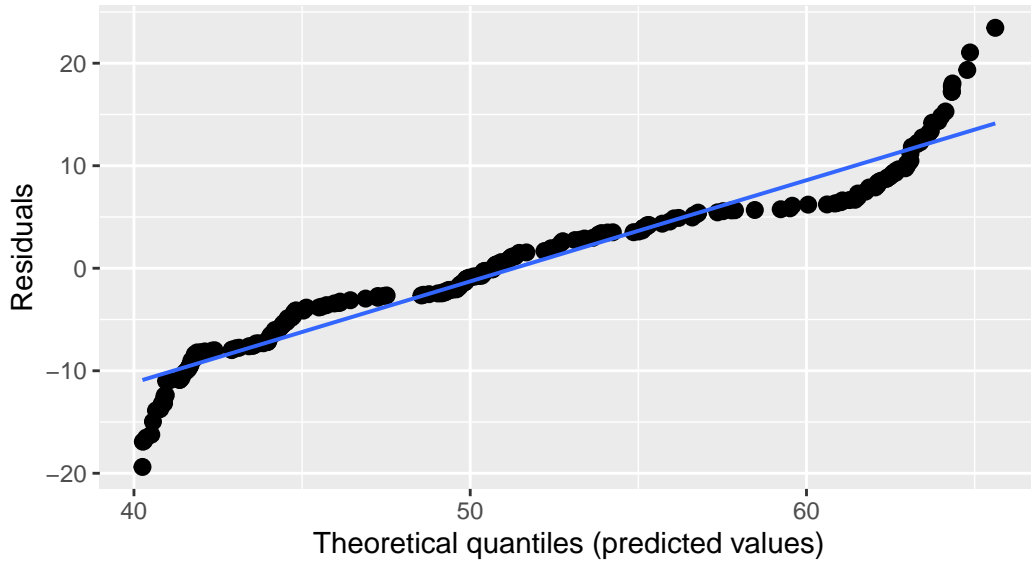


```
plot_model(rs_immi,  
           type = 'diag')
```

[[1]]

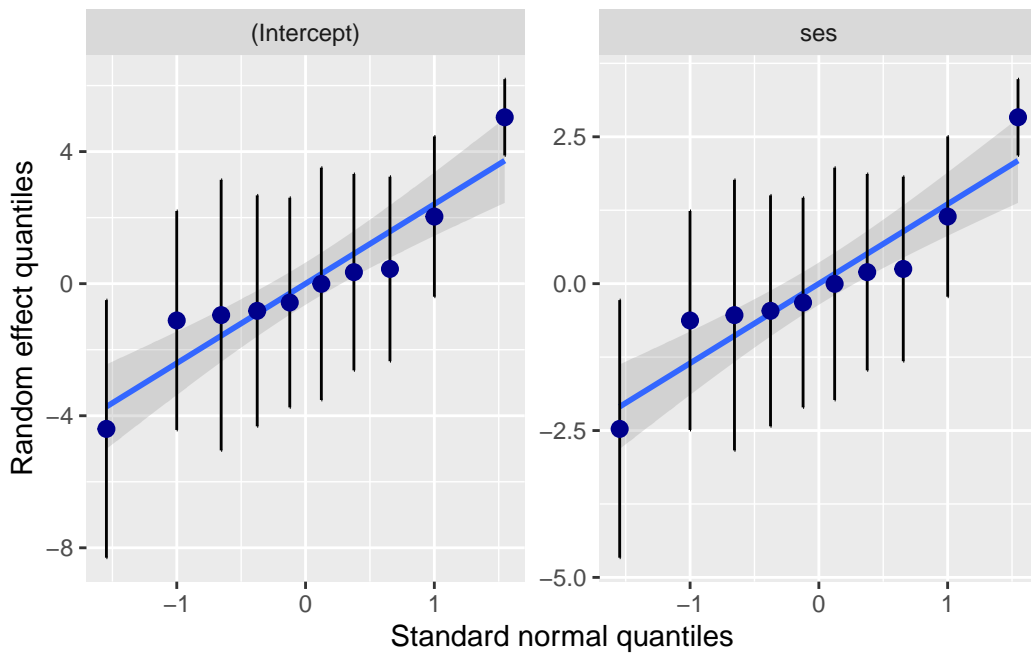
### Non-normality of residuals and outliers

Dots should be plotted along the line



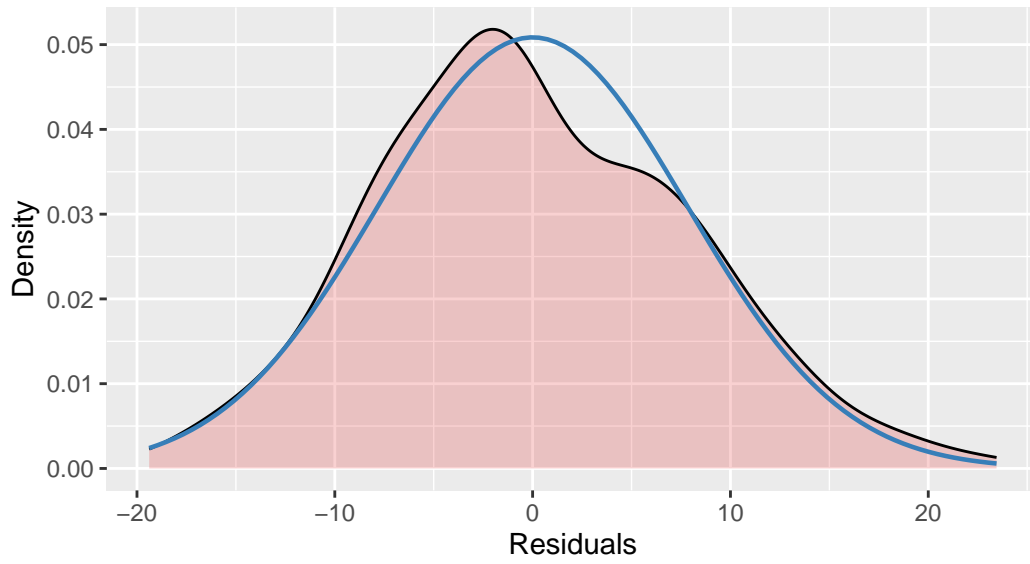
```
[[2]]
```

```
[[2]]$schnum
```



[[3]]

Non-normality of residuals  
Distribution should look like normal curve



[[4]]

### Homoscedasticity (constant variance of residuals)

Amount and distance of points scattered above/below line is equal or ranc

